

# Subgraph Isomorphism

## Ullmann's Algorithm

- Given: Two graphs  $G_A(V_A, E_A)$  and  $G_B(V_B, E_B)$  and their adjacency matrices:  $A$  and  $B$
- Idea:  $n = |V_a|$ ,  $m = |V_b|$ ,  $n \times m$  ("permutation") matrix  $M$  with following form:
  - ▶  $M$  contains only '0' and '1'
  - ▶ Exact one '1' in each row
  - ▶ Not more than one '1' in each column
- Permutate adjacency matrix  $B$  by multiplying it with  $M$ , and compare adjacency.

# Subgraph Isomorphism

## Ullmann's Algorithm

- $M \times B$ : Move row  $j$  to row  $i \forall M_{ij} = 1$

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 |

$M = M^T$

x

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 |

$B = B^T$

②—①—③

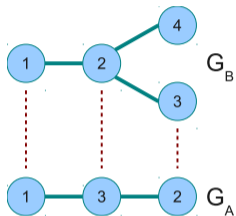
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|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 |

- $(MB)^T$ : Move column  $j$  to column  $i$
- $M(MB)^T$ : Move column  $j$  to column  $i$  and row  $j$  to row  $i$

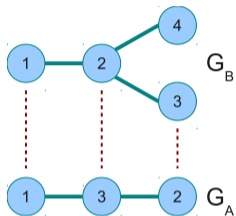
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## Ullmann's Algorithm



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Ullmann's Algorithm



|   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |

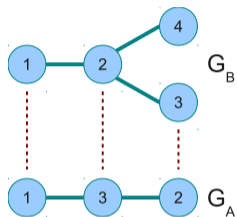
$B=B^T$

|   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |

M

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|   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |

$B=B^T$

|   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |

$M$

$$\begin{aligned} M(MB)^T &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \times \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \right)^T \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = C \end{aligned}$$

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## Ullmann's Algorithm

Creating pairs of nodes by exchanging rows and columns (renaming).

### Adjacency condition

Let  $C = M(MB)^T$ ,

A is a (subgraph-) isomorphism iff

$$A_{ij} = 1 \Rightarrow C_{ij} = 1 \forall i, j$$

How do we get M?

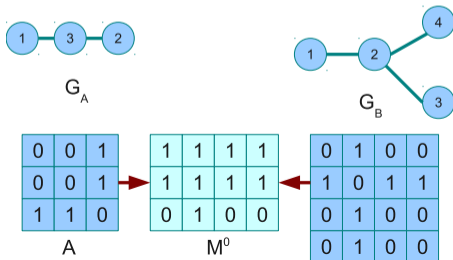
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## Ullmann's Algorithm

- Build Startmatrix  $M^0$  by setting all values to 1 (allow all permutations)
- Set values to 0 for all  $M_{ij}^0$  where  $\text{deg}(B_j) < \text{deg}(A_i)$  (remove impossible permutations)

$$M_{ij}^0 = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } \text{deg}(B_j) \geq \text{deg}(A_i) \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}, \forall i, j$$

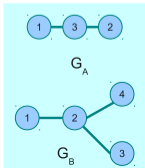
- Generate systematically permutation matrices  $M^d$ .



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|   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |





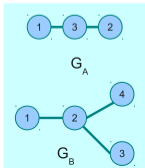
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Ullmann's Algorithm

|   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |

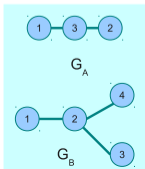
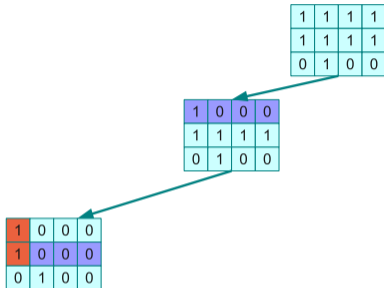
  

|   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |



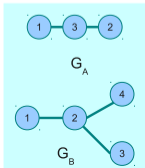
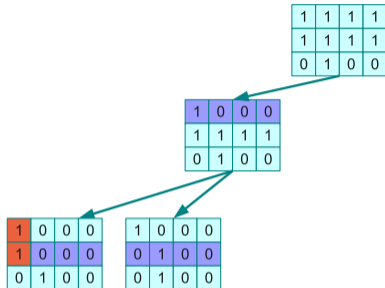
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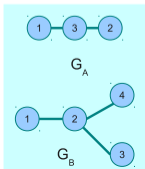
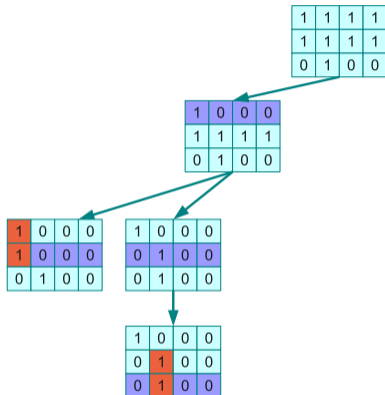
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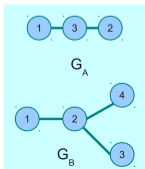
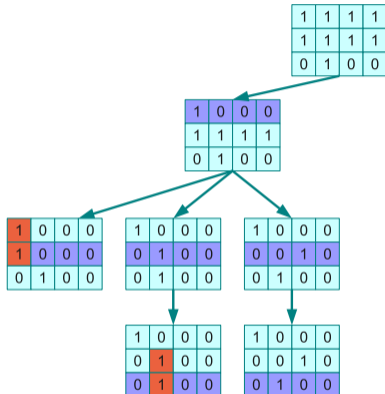
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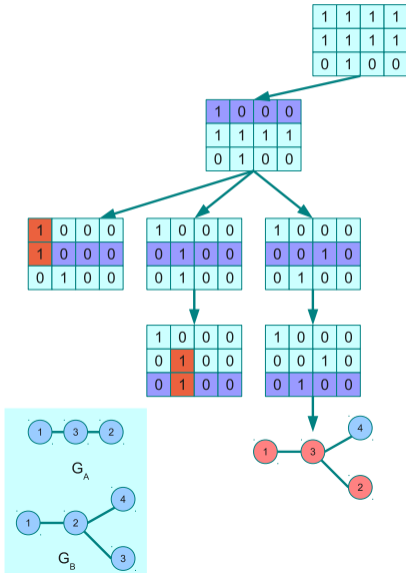
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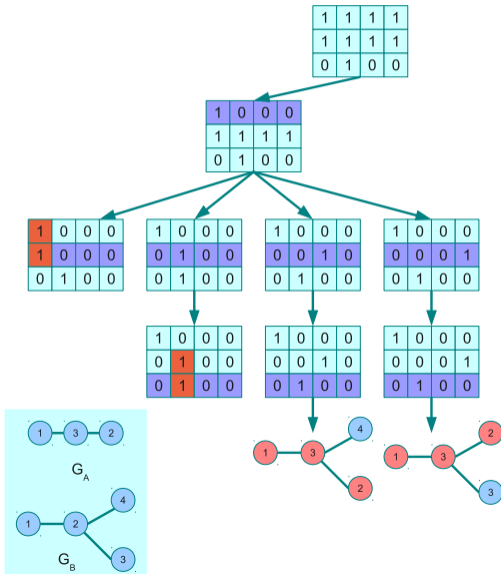
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